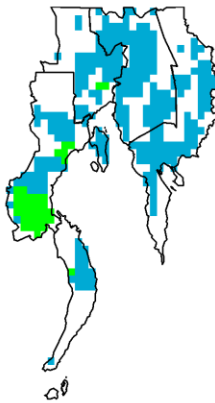


# Region XI (Davao Region)

Water Availability for Rice  
Prevailing Stage : None

Harvesting and/or pre-planting stage is possibly ongoing.

Water Availability for Corn  
Prevailing Stage : (II) Vegetative



## Provincial Values Regional Summary

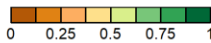
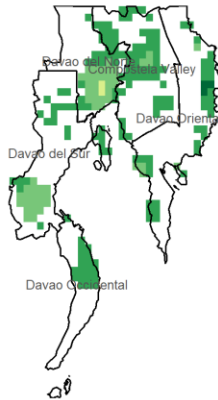
	Mon. Ave. Rainfall (mm)	Rice		Corn	
		CS	RS (%)	CS	RS (%)
Davao Oriental	388.22	I	274.8	I	372.7
		II	258.1	II	298.7
		III	250.5	III	254.5
		IV	250.5	IV	296.4
Davao Occidental	226.00	I	163.4	I	247.7
		II	153.4	II	196.8
		III	148.8	III	166.6
		IV	148.8	IV	195.3
Davao del Sur	294.47	I	133.2	I	237.7
		II	123.5	II	180.9
		III	119.2	III	150.0
		IV	119.2	IV	179.3
Davao del Norte	365.35	I	178.2	I	315.5
		II	165.2	II	237.6
		III	159.4	III	195.3
		IV	159.4	IV	235.4
Compostela Valley	436.34	I	266.3	I	422.6
		II	248.5	II	328.7
		III	240.5	III	275.0
		IV	240.5	IV	325.9

Legend :  
■ Inadequate  
■ Sufficient  
■ Excess

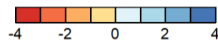
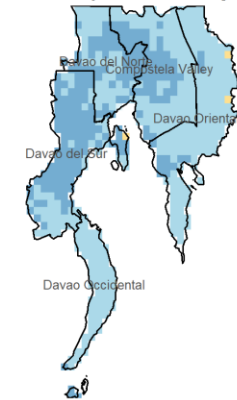
All provinces of the region have received excessive rains for corn crops in all cropping stages, which possibly hindered some planting activities and damaged some standing crops, especially those in the prevailing Vegetative stage. As for the rice crops, Davao del Sur received enough rainfall and Davao Occidental received excessive and sufficient amounts of rainfall in the first and last halves of the cropping cycle, respectively.

Moreover, as can be seen both in RX1day and RX5day indices, the northeastern part of the region (i.e., the Compostela Valley, Davao Oriental, and Davao del Norte) experienced multi-day extreme rainfall events which may be significantly attributed to the rains brought by TS Agaton. SPEI-3 indicates above-normal rainfall for most parts of Davao del Sur while slightly above-normal rainfall for the rest of the region has been experienced over the past three months. Standing crops are faring well according to the NDVI.

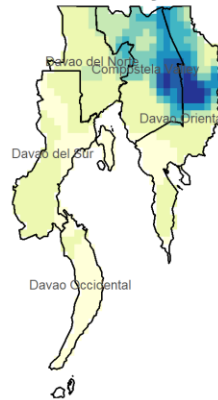
NDVI



SPEI3 (Feb-Mar-Apr)



RX1day



RX5day

